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APPLICATION  
FOR  
UNITED STATES  
LETTERS PATENT

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For: EXTRUSION MOLDING APPARATUS FOR  
PRODUCT HAVING WOOD PATTERN  
AND EXTRUSION MOLDING METHOD  
THEREOF

Docket No.: 06380032AA

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EXTRUSION MOLDING APPARATUS FOR PRODUCT HAVING WOOD PATTERN  
AND EXTRUSION MOLDING METHOD THEREOF.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

5  
The present invention relates to an extrusion molding  
apparatus and an extrusion molding method, and more  
particularly to an extrusion molding apparatus for a product  
10 having a wood pattern and an extrusion molding method thereof,  
in which a second synthetic resin containing a wood powder of  
80~120 meshes at a predetermined ratio is fed to a die through  
a second extruder and then is coated on a surface of the  
product extruded from the die, thereby obtaining an esthetic  
15 surface and improving durability.

Discussion of the Related Art

Generally, extrusion molding is to successively  
manufacture products, such as pipes, rods, sheets, films,  
20 fibers, and coating cables, by extruding a thermoplastic  
synthetic resin, which has been heated and softened, from an  
extrusion die using an extruder.

A conventional extrusion molding apparatus is configured  
to wind or cut the product by placing a pellet shaped

thermoplastic synthetic resin in a hopper, softening it with a screw in a heating cylinder, extruding it from the die, and cooling it. The conventional extrusion molding apparatus is characterized in that a softening resin is successively  
5 extruded with a screw. The products having various sections may be made depending on shapes of holes of an extrusion die at an outlet of an extruder. Such extrusion molding is widely used in accordance with the development of polymer compounds such as synthetic resin and has become a basis of mass  
10 production.

Among the products based on the above-described extrusion molding, there are the products having a constant section, such as a window frame and a doorframe. These products are on a high-grade trend to give an effect of raw lumber. If the  
15 product is manufactured using a general synthetic resin, it is likely that the product having a single color is manufactured. Therefore, the product coated with a film, such as sheet with a wood pattern, wood, and paper, to give an effect of raw  
lumber is recently coming out in the market.

20 However, the product coated with such a film has several problems. Since the film is made of a material and characteristics different from those of the product, the film and the product respectively have different shrinkage depending on temperature changes. In this case, a problem

arises in that it is likely to take the film, such as sheet, wood, and paper, off the product as time passes.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

5 Accordingly, the present invention is directed to an extrusion molding apparatus for a product having a wood pattern and an extrusion molding method that substantially obviates one or more of the problems due to limitations and disadvantages of the related art.

10 An object of the present invention is to provide an extrusion molding apparatus for a product having a wood pattern and an extrusion molding method, in which a second synthetic resin containing a wood powder of 80~120 meshes is coated on a surface of the product at different ratios.

15 Additional features and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be apparent from the description, or may be learned by practice of the invention. The objectives and other advantages of the invention will be realized and attained by the scheme  
20 particularly pointed out in the written description and claims hereof as well as the appended drawings.

To achieve these and other advantages and in accordance with the purpose of the present invention, as embodied and broadly described, in an extrusion molding apparatus for

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successively producing a product having a wood pattern with a predetermined sectional shape by feeding a thermoplastic synthetic resin to an extruder and extruding the product through a die installed at an outlet of the extruder, it is characterized in that a second inlet is formed at one side of the die to fit a second synthetic resin thereinto, a second extruder which feeds the second synthetic resin is connected to the second inlet, and a second passage communicated with the second inlet of the die is formed to communicate with an original synthetic resin passage formed in the die, thereby coating the second synthetic resin on a surface of the product extruded from the die.

In another aspect of the present invention, an extrusion molding method for successively producing a product having a wood pattern with a predetermined sectional shape by feeding a thermoplastic synthetic resin to an extruder and extruding the product through a die installed at an outlet of the extruder, the extrusion molding method includes the steps of: forming a second passage in a synthetic resin passage in the die to communicate with the synthetic resin passage; and connecting a second extruder to the second passage so that the second synthetic resin is coated on a surface of the product extruded from the die.

In other aspect of the present invention, in an extrusion

molding die for a product having a wood pattern, provided with a thermoplastic synthetic resin and a synthetic resin passage, the thermoplastic synthetic resin being installed at an outlet of an extruder so that it is to be fed to the extruder and  
5 then extruded in the product having a predetermined sectional shape such as the synthetic resin passage, a second inlet is formed at one side of the die to fed a second synthetic resin thereto, and the second inlet is formed to communicate with a second passage communicated with the synthetic resin passage  
10 of the die so that the second synthetic resin is coated on a surface of the product extruded from the die.

It is to be understood that both the foregoing general description and the following detailed description are exemplary and explanatory and are intended to provide further  
15 explanation of the invention as claimed.

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE ATTACHED DRAWINGS**

The invention will be described in detail with reference to the following drawings in which like reference numerals  
20 refer to like elements wherein:

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of a product manufactured by an extrusion molding method according to the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a perspective view of an extrusion molding

apparatus according to the present invention;

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of a second extruder in an extrusion molding apparatus according to the present invention;

5        FIG. 4 is a perspective view of an extrusion molding die according to the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a front view of a second molding member which is a part of the extrusion molding die according to the present invention;

10       FIG. 6 is a sectional view taken along line IV-IV of FIG. 3;

FIG. 7 is a front view of a first molding member which is a part of the extrusion molding die according to the present invention;

15       FIG. 8 is a sectional view taken along line VI-VI of FIG. 5;

FIG. 9 is a sectional view taken along middle portions of the first and second molding members, illustrating combination of FIG. 4 and FIG. 6; and

20       FIG. 10 is a front view of a first molding member which is a part of the extrusion molding die according to the present invention, illustrating a feeding state of a second synthetic resin.

### DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

Reference will now be made in detail to the preferred embodiments of the present invention, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings.

5 An extrusion molding product 1 according to the present invention, as shown in FIG. 1, is configured such that an original synthetic resin is coated with a second synthetic resin 1b. The second synthetic resin 1b contains a wood powder of 80~120 meshes and is coated on a surface of the original  
10 synthetic resin at different ratios so that a wood pattern 1a is formed.

As shown in FIGS. 2 to 4, an extrusion molding apparatus for manufacturing the aforementioned product 1 includes a first extruder 100, a die 10 installed at an outlet of the  
15 first extruder 100, and a second extruder 200 installed at a side of the die 10.

The first extruder 100 has the same configuration as that of a general extruder. That is, the first extruder 100 includes a heat cylinder 101 provided with a heater 102 on an  
20 outer surface, a hopper 103 for supplying a first thermoplastic synthetic resin to an inner portion of the heat cylinder 101, a screw 104 for extruding the first synthetic resin softened by heat in the heat cylinder 101 to the die 10 by rotation, and a driver 110 for driving the screw 104.



Likewise, the second extruder 200 has the same configuration as that of a general extruder. The second extruder 200 includes a heat cylinder 201 provided with a heater 202, a hopper 203, a screw (not shown), and a driver 5 210. The hopper 203 is supplied with a second synthetic resin which contains a wood powder of 80~120 meshes to form a wood pattern 1a on a surface of the product 1 to be extruded.

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10 The die 10 connected with the first and second extruders 100 and 200, as shown in FIGS. 4 to 10, includes first synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 for extruding the first synthetic resin. The second extruder 200 is connected between two moldings 20 and 30 coupled to each other at the foremost among a plurality of moldings constituting the die 10. The second synthetic resin is fed between the two moldings and 15 then is extruded along a passage formed to communicate with the first synthetic resin passages 21 and 31. Since the second synthetic resin passage is extruded around the first synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 by the above structure, the second synthetic resin is coated on the first synthetic resin 20 passages 21 and 31 constituting the product 1. Since the second synthetic resin contains a wood power of 80~120 meshes, a wood pattern 1a is formed on a surface of the product 1.

The wood pattern 1a is distinctly formed on the surface of the product 1 by the two moldings 20 and 30 at the end

among the moldings of the die 10. That is, a connecting passage 40 is formed between the second molding member 20 at the end of the die 10 and the first molding member 30 next to the second molding member 20. The second synthetic resin  
5 containing a wood powder formed by grinding wood is fed to the connecting passage 40. The connecting passage 40 is connected with the second extruder 200. The second synthetic resin which passed through the connecting rod 40 moves to the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 along a passage formed inside the  
10 first and second molding members 20 and 30 and is coated on the surface of the synthetic resin extruded by pressure of the first extruder.

The first molding member 30, as shown in FIGS. 4 to 6 and FIG. 9, includes half of the connecting passage 40 having a  
15 screw for connecting to the second extruder. The synthetic resin passage 31 is formed inside the first molding member 30, and a slit surface 32 is formed around the synthetic resin passage 31 at a height lower than a surface of the first molding member 30 so that the second synthetic resin flows to  
20 the synthetic resin passage 31. A retainer groove 30 connected to the connecting passage 40 is formed around the slit surface 32. The retainer groove 33 is lower than the slit surface 32. Therefore, after the second synthetic resin is completely filled in the retainer groove 33, it passes through the slit

surface 32 toward the synthetic resin passage 31 by pressure of the second synthetic resin and then extruded through the whole surface.

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The second molding member 20, as shown in FIG. 4, and  
5 FIGS. 7 to 9, is symmetrically formed to engage with the first molding member 30. Half of the connecting passage 40 having a screw for connecting with the second extruder is formed in the second molding member 20 so that the complete connecting passage 40 is formed together with the connecting passage 40  
10 formed in the first molding member 30. In the same manner as the first molding member 30, the synthetic resin passage 21 is formed in the second molding member 20. A lead surface 22 is formed around the synthetic resin passage 21 together with the slit surface 32, thereby forming a space where the second  
15 synthetic resin flows. A retainer groove 23 connected to the retainer groove 33 of the first molding member 30 is formed around the lead surface 22. Particularly, the second molding member 20, as shown in FIGS. 7 to 9, includes a plurality of nozzle grooves 24 formed with a curved section, which is  
20 higher than the retainer groove 23 but lower than the lead surface 22, between the retainer groove 23 and the synthetic resin passage 21. Each of the nozzle grooves 24 includes a distal end 24a supplied with the second synthetic resin at a greater amount than that supplied to any other portions,

thereby forming a wood pattern. The distal end 24a has a sectional area smaller than that of any other portions to serve as a nozzle. The nozzle grooves 24 are inclined at a predetermined angle along an incoming direction of the second synthetic resin so that the second synthetic resin readily moves to the nozzle grooves 24 through the retainer groove 23.

The retainer grooves 23 and 33 of the first and second molding members 20 and 30, as shown in FIG. 9, are formed to surround the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 and have a curved section with a predetermined gradient.

FIG. 9 is a sectional view illustrating a coupling state of the first and second molding members 20 and 30. As shown in FIG. 9, the second synthetic resin is introduced into the retainer grooves 23 and 33 through the connecting passage 40 and then moves to the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 through the space between the slit surface 32 and the lead surface 22. Particularly, as shown in FIG. 7, since the portion where the nozzle grooves 24 are formed has a greater passage area than any other portions, the second synthetic resin moves at a greater amount, thereby resulting in that a wood pattern 1a is formed on the surface of the product 1.

The operation of the aforementioned extrusion molding apparatus will now be described based on the flow of the first and second synthetic resins.

First, the first synthetic resin, as shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, is fed to the first extruder 101 through the hopper 103 and moves to the die 10 by pressure of the rotating screw 104. At this time, the first synthetic resin moves while being 5 softened by the heater 102. The first synthetic resin moved to the die 10 by the screw 104 is extruded in accordance with shapes of the first synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 formed in the die 10, so that the product 1 is successively produced.

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10 The aforementioned extrusion method is the same as the operation of the typical extrusion molding apparatus. In addition to the above method, in the present invention, the second synthetic resin containing a wood powder of 80-120 meshes, as shown in FIGS. 2 and 3, is fed to the second extruder 200 through the hopper 203 and moves through the 15 screw and the second passage 40 formed at a side of the die 10 while being softened by the heater 202. The second synthetic resin introduced into the side between the first and second molding members 20 and 30, as shown in FIG. 9, is introduced around the first synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 through 20 the space formed by the retainer grooves 23 and 33 of the first and second molding members 20 and 30. At this time, the second synthetic resin is also introduced into the space formed by the nozzle grooves 24 and the slit surface 32. Afterwards, the second synthetic resin is fed to the distal

end 24a of the nozzle groove 24 and at the same time moves to the surface of the first synthetic resin extruded through the space formed by the slit surface 32 and the lead surface 22. Therefore, the first synthetic resin is coated with the second  
5 synthetic resin. At this time, since the second synthetic resin extruded through the nozzle grooves 24 has a greater amount, the wood pattern 1a is formed on the surface of the product 1.

The operation of the first and second molding members 20  
10 and 30 will be described in more detail.

The second extruder is connected to the first and second molding members 20 and 30 through the connecting passage 40 so that the second synthetic resin containing a wood powder is fed to the first and second molding members 20 and 30. The  
15 second synthetic resin, as shown in FIG. 9, is fed to the retainer grooves 23 and 33 of the first and second molding members 20 and 30. At this time, the nozzle grooves 24 are inclined at a predetermined angle along a flow of the second synthetic resin introduced into the retainer grooves 23 and 33.  
20 Accordingly, the second synthetic resin is also fed to the nozzle grooves 24. Once the second synthetic resin is fully filled in the retainer grooves 23 and 33, the second synthetic resin moves to the whole surface of the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 through the space, which is formed by the

slit surface 32 and the lead surface 22, by the pressure of the second extruder. As a result, the synthetic resin moving through the whole surface of the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 is coated with the second synthetic resin. At this time, 5 since the second synthetic resin moves to the space formed by the nozzle grooves 24 and the slit surface 32 at a greater amount, the wood pattern 1a is formed on the surface of the product 1. That is, as shown in FIG. 10, the wood pattern 1a is formed on lower and upper surfaces of the product 1.

10 The second synthetic resin contains a wood powder obtained by grinding wood as described above. However, the second synthetic resin may be formed of other materials as the case may be.

15 Furthermore, the retainer grooves 23 and 33 are formed to surround the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 so that the whole surface of the synthetic resin is equally coated with the second synthetic resin. That is, at a portion close to the connecting passage 40 supplied with the second synthetic resin, the retainer grooves 23 and 33 are formed far away from the 20 synthetic resin passages 21 and 31. By contrast, at a portion far away from the connecting passage 40, the retainer grooves 23 and 33 are formed close to the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31. Also, it should be noted that the retainer grooves 23 and 33 are bent depending on sectional shapes of the synthetic

resin passages 21 and 31.

Furthermore, even if a molding member is designed by considering various cases, the second synthetic resin is introduced into the synthetic resin passages 21 and 31 at 5 different ratios depending on position. In this case, some wood pattern may naturally be formed. However, in the present invention, since the nozzle grooves 24 are formed, accurate wood pattern can artificially be formed.

As described above, the extrusion molding apparatus for a 10 product having a wood pattern and the extrusion molding method according to the present invention have the following advantages.

Since the product having a wood pattern is formed by the first and second synthetic resins, the wood pattern is not 15 taken off and esthetic appearance can be obtained.

In addition, the finished product is manufactured by one time process, and no process of wrapping a sheet paper of a wood pattern is required. This reduces the process steps and thus enhances the productivity.

20 The foregoing embodiments are merely exemplary and are not to be construed as limiting the present invention. The present teachings can be readily applied to other types of apparatuses. The description of the present invention is intended to be illustrative, and not to limit the scope of the



claims. Many alternatives, modifications, and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art.

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